Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Ministry of Economy & Planning

neral Authority for Statistics (GAStat) - previously known as the Central Department
of Statistics & Information
Production Sectors Statistics

Economic Establishments Survey 1435H (2014)

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Introduction

By virtue of Royal Decree No. 23, dated 7/12/1379H, the Central Department of Statistics & Information (Today known as GAStat) has become entitled to collect economic, social and housing data in the Kingdom to be published periodically. Acting under this right, the authority has developed statistical research programs to boost its economic database.

One of the programs that GAStat is entrusted with is the economic surveys program, on top of which comes the Annual Economic Establishments Survey; that is considered one of the most important economic surveys carried out by GAStat. The main objectives of this program include provision of statistical data on the establishments that practice various economic activities. The data cover number of workers, their remunerations, expenditure and revenues, as well as capital formation.

The Annual Economic Establishments Survey is a link in chain of surveys which were implemented at intervals in accordance with the economic frameworks (economic censuses), over the period 2010 – 2014.

It is the second annual economic survey that covers the same sample of establishments which was chosen in context of the Establishment Census 2010 to provide an integrated framework of specialized economic researches. Listed in this census were all

establishments practicing every economic activity all over the kingdom.

The sample included 33,000 establishments that were scientifically selected to represent every Saudi administrative region and were classified according to the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC).

On this occasion, GAStat extents special thanks and profound gratitude to all those who contributed to the completion of this project, particularly the establishments included in the sample of this survey for their cooperation in providing the required data.

As the GAStat aspires that the results of this survey would contribute to enhancing the statistical economic database, it welcomes all suggestions that may improve this survey.

Allah is the Arbiter of Success,,,

The General Authority for
Statistics (GAStat) - previously
known as the Central Department
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Production Sectors Statistics

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Survey objectives

To provide detailed data on all economic activities to develop indicators in a manner helping identify growth rates of each economic activity;

To provide institutional sectors with economic data to develop economic indicators in a manner helping identify growth rates of these sectors;

To measure participation of every economic activity in the growth process;

To recognize the relative importance of every economic activity and sector:

To update economic data of each economic activity;

To study national income resource diversification, and provide the necessary data for preparing and compiling the national accounts;

To have indications on how many workers are involved in each economic activity;

To identify the change volume in remunerations paid to workers according to the economic activity;

To estimate volume of change in the annual accretion of capital (capital formation) by economic activity;

To calculate the added value and return of investment by economic activity;

- To provide the needed statistical data and information on all economic activities for government bodies and authorities as well as researchers; and
- ★ To use such data to make local, regional and international comparisons and carry out studies and analyses.

Method of the Economic Establishments Survey

Data collection method:

The collection of survey data was carried out through face-to-face interviews by qualified and well-trained researchers under the direct supervision of the General Authority for Statistics (GAStat) employees to cover every region and city of the Kingdom.

The GAStat has depended on this methodology to update its economic database with precise information and details according to the economic establishments' statistics principles.

Scope and range:

The survey examines all public and private sectors for-profit establishments working in KSA in 1435 AH (2014).

Sample framework:

Data provided by the GAStat in its establishment censuses in 2010 were used as a framework for all field economic surveys that carried out using the sampling methods under the authority's field plan.

The Establishment Census 2010 covered all economic activities in every Saudi administrative region (13).

Sample structure for Annual Economic Establishments Survey:

In light of the Establishment Census (sample framework), a statistical unit is defined in this survey as an establishment, individual facility, central headquarter or branch that has its own data, i.e. the sample framework consists of every individual entities, headquarters and

branches of the establishments which have independent financial account. This definition is developed according to the general international application of the field economic studies.

In accordance with the results the administrative province (13 regions) at ISIC level two (as per the national accounts), the administrative divisions and economic activities shall be counted as constant and main factor of the stratified sampling process.

For the most precise results, the establishments were classified according to the labor size into three categories:

- Establishments that employ 1-9 workers
- Establishments that employ 10-49 workers
- Establishments that employ more than 50 workers

Accordingly, the survey sample was selected under the following conditions:

- 1. Covering all establishments operating within the scope of the survey which hire at least 50 workers by certain probability (an integer).
- 2. Using a stratified multi-stage sampling methodology, as well as the probability method that is proportionate with the workers in the establishments that hire less than 50 workers by the economic activity practiced to select a sample that represents such category.

Geographic scope:

It means the thoroughness of collected data that involve every establishment in the sample in every city covered by the study including all administrative regions represented by the central directorates and main cities.

The stratified random sampling method was applied in this study. Samples were taken over stages under the general framework of the establishment census 2010 after preparation of main lists.

At the first stage, up to 13 cities were chosen as confirmed cases due to their economic importance where there were different administrative headquarters.

2 At the second stage, the other cities were named as random sample at the level of every administrative region (43 cities) to represent all populated localities when establishments are classified by city and size of labor employed under the ISIC.

Form of the Annual Economic Establishments Survey:

A form was prepared for all economic activities to cover the most important economic changes taking place in the subject economic activity in light of the study objectives and requirements in addition to the applied analysis techniques, nature of statistical unit and the fulfillment of needs to collect data for the national accounts that fit establishments working in the Kingdom.

For the mentioned objectives, the following criteria shall be met by the form:

- The collected data shall be reflected on the establishment's main economic activity.
- ◆ Forms shall fit all establishments chosen from the census according to workers class size so that the source of data can give answers for every question whatever the size of the establishment.

Glossary

Some statistical concepts and terms are commonly used by the GAStat to carry out its researches including the administrative region, city, alley and sector. These terms are set to be used in all statistical processes, while there are many other terms that are specific for economic surveys in addition to terms that are only used for the specialized research operations.

Economic survey terms:

🗎 Establishment:

It is an economic entity with legal personality. It has a fixed location and carries out a certain economic activity. It is owned by one or a group of individuals, company or a semi-government sector. The establishment is the smallest economic unit that may have data on workers, their remunerations, expenditure, income and capital formations, etc.

Economic Activity:

It is every business activity or service provided by the establishment in return of specific revenues. Sometimes, the establishment, such as donation-financed charities, gets nothing in return.

Establishment economic activity classification is based on ISIC Rev.4. (International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities, Rev.4)

□ Workers:

All individuals, Saudis and foreigners, who already work for the establishment with or without pay, as well as the owners, their family members and employees, whether they are full-timers or part-timers, permanently or temporarily employed, males or females, whether they are paid on a daily, weekly or monthly basis. They include partners and members of joint-stock companies, board chairmen and members, as well as workers on paid vacations.

Wages and salaries:

Cash payments and fixed allowances that are regularly paid by the establishment to workers in return for regular working time.

Benefits and allowances:

Other cash and in-kind payments that are made to the workers than the salaries and wages including all sorts of bonuses and benefits, such as scholarships, education payments for the worker or his/her dependents, food and housing allowances, social security fees, transport allowances and overtime.

☐ Worker remunerations:

Wages and salaries as well as additional benefits and allowances.

Other expenses:

This includes all other expenses that were paid by the establishment for goods and services over the year as a result of carrying out its economic activity, whether purchased in the same year or taken off storehouses in previous years, in addition to the amounts payable by the establishment in the same year in connection with the same activity and not related to the necessary goods supplies and services.

Expenditure:

The gross value of payments made as compensation for the workers plus other expenses.

☐ Revenues:

The cash revenues gained as a result of the activity practiced by the establishment. They also include the daily revenues received for the operation as well as the revenues due to be collected as an investment revenue and the likes.

Operating surplus:

It is the revenues less expenses.

☐ Fixed assets purchased in a year:

They are the capital formation as a property in possession of the establishment which were purchased in the course of the year to achieve its objectives and not meant to be sold or used as a raw material for the production process such as the residential and nonresidential property, land, means of transportation, tools, equipment and furniture.

Guide of the economic activities - double classification

Structure of the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC Rev.4) according to the double classification of activities in the following table:

	Economic Activity	Depart	Description of the activity
А	Agriculture and Forestry	01	Agriculture and animal production, hunting and related
	and Fishing	02	Forestry and logging
		03	Fishing and aquaculture
В	Mining and quarrying	05	Mining of coal and lignite
		06	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
		07	Mining of metal ores
		08	Other mining and quarrying activities
		09	Mining support services
С	Manufacturing	10	Manufacture of food products
		11	Manufacture of beverages
		12	Manufacture of tobacco products
		13	Manufacture of textiles
		14	Manufacture of wearing apparel
		15	Manufacture of leather and related products
		16	Manufacture of wood, its products and cork
		17	Manufacture of paper and paper products
		18	Printing and reproduction of registered media materials
		19	Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
		20	Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products
		21	Manufacture of pharmaceutics and basic pharmaceutical
		22	Manufacture of rubber and plastics products
		23	Manufacture of non-metallic products
		24	Manufacture of basic metals
		25	Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except
		26	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products
		27	Manufacture of electrical devices
		28	Manufacture of equipment and not elsewhere classified

	Economic Activity	Depart	Description of the activity
		29	Manufacture of motor vehicles
		30	Manufacture of other transport equipment
		31	Furniture Making
		32	Other manufacturing industries
		33	Repair and installation of machinery and equipment
D	Electricity and gas supply	35	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning
E.	Waste supply, sewer system	36	Water collection, treatment and supply
	activities; waste collecting	37	Sewage
	and treatment	38	Waste collection, treatment & disposal activities; materials
		39	Remediation activities and other waste management
F	Construction	41	Construction of buildings
		42	Civil engineering
		43	Specialized construction activities
G	Wholesale and Retail Trade	45	Wholesale and retail trade, and vehicle and motorcycle
	and repair of motor vehicles	46	Wholesale trade, except motor vehicles
	and motorcycles	47	Retail trade, except motor vehicle
Н	Transport and stockpiling	49	Land transport and transport via pipelines
		50	Water transport
		51	Air transport
		52	Warehousing and support activities for transportation
		52	Warehousing and support activities for transportation
		53	Post and courier activities
I	Activities of	55	Accommodation
	accommodation and food	56	Activities of food and beverage service
J	Information and	58	Publishing activities
		59	Motion picture, video & TV programme production,
		60	Programming and broadcasting activities
		61	Telecommunications
		62	Computer programming, consultancy and related
		63	Activities of information services
К	Financial and insurance	64	Activities of financial service, except insurance funding
		65	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding
		66	Financial services auxiliary and insurance activities
L	I	I	I

	Economic Activity	Dept.	Description of the activity
L	Property activities	68	Property activities
No.	Professional, scientific and	69	Legal and accounting activities
	technical activities	70	Activities of head offices; management consultancy
		71	Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing
		72	Scientific research and development
		73	Advertising and market research
		74	Professional, scientific and other technical activities
		75	Veterinary activities
N	Administrative and support	77	Rental and leasing activities
	services	78	Employment activities
		79	Activities of travel agencies, reservation and tour
		80	Security and investigation activities
		81	Building services and landscape activities
		82	Administrative services for offices and office support
0	Education	85	Education
Р	Health and social work	86	Human health
	activities	87	Residential care activities
		88	Social work activities without accommodation
Q	Arts and entertainment	90	Creative activities, arts and entertainment
		91	Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
		93	Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities
R	Other activities and services	94	Activities of membership organizations
		95	Repair of computers and personal and household goods
		96	Activities of other personal services

Form of the
Annual
Economic
Establishments
Survey 2014

نموذج رقم 1			-			• •
ملصق اسم وعنوان المؤسسة				Carlo Departura	The State of the Internation	
1379/1ھ	ي رقم (23) وتاريخ 2/7	ية بعوجب للرسوم الملكم	إلا في الأفراض الإحصاد	مة للإحصاء ولن تستخدم	ومات سربة في الهيئة العاه	تحفظ هذه اللعا
	(ا ۱٤٣٥ 🕰 (2014	ۇسىسات لحام (الاقتصادي للم	السح	
المؤسسة	صفة		لرسمي فقط)	(للإستعمال		حالة المؤسسة
الباحث	رقم		راقب	رقم الم		رقم المفتش
أولاً ؛ النشاط الاقتصادي						
						النشاط الاقتصادي الرئيس
					, خلال العام	نياً ، متوسط عدد المشتغليز
لجملة		مودي	غيرس	دي	m a e	البيان
بدون أجر	بأجر	بدون أجر	بأجر	بنون أجر	بأجر	
						ذکور
						إناث الحملة
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الجملة		غارسعودي		سعودي		البيان
						الرواتب والأجور
						ز. المزايا والبدلات
						ة. قسط التأمينات الاجتماعيا
						4. فسط التأمين ضد إصابات مركزة أمر الرحال المدا
						ة. مكافأة أعضاء مجلس الإدا ٤. المضاف لمخصص مكافأة تـ
						الجملة الجملة
		الوظيفة				أسم معطي البيانات
		الوطيقية				

رابعأ المستازمات السلعية والخدمية المستخدمة خلال العام

أ) المستلزمات السلعية (بالأف الربالات)

القيمة	البيان	القيمة	البيان	
	4 . المستخدم من الوقود والزبوت		1 . استهلاك ماء	
	5. المستخدم من الأدوات المكتبية والقرطاسية		2. استهلاك كهرباء	
	6. المستخدم من قطع الغيار والأدوات		3. المستخدم من الخامات والمواد الأولية	
	7. المستخدم من مواد التعبئة والتغليف والحزم		(i	
	8 . المستخدم من مواد النظافة		ن)	
	9. مستلزمات سلعية مستخدمة أخرى :		(ح	
	(i		(2	
	ب)		۵)	
	ج) باقي المستلزمات السلعية الأخرى		و) باقي الخامات والمواد الأولية الأخرى	
	جملة المستازمات السلمية المستخدمة في عملية الانتاج			

(بالآف الربالات) ب) المستلزمات الخدمية القيمة البيان القيمة البيان 8. أتعاب خدمات بنكية 1. برق وبريد وهاتف 9. إيجار مباني وأراضي غير زراعية * 2. تدريب وانتداب ومصاريف سفر 10. إيجار ألات ومعدات 3. خدمات الصيانة 4. خدمات طباعة 11. مستلزمات خدمية مستخدمة أخرى : (i 5. استشارات وتدفيق حسابات ب) 6. مدفوعات لمتعهدي (مقاولي) الباطن ج) باقي المستلزمات الخدمية الأخرى 7. دعاية وإعلان ومصروفات تسويقية جملة المستازمات الخدمية المستخدمة في عملية الانتاج

(بالأف الربالات)

(بالاف الربالات)			خامساء النفقات التحويلية
القيمة	البيان	القيمة	البيان
	11. تعويضات وفرامات مدفوعة أو مستحقة الدفع		1 . رسوم (جمارك ، جوازات ، مرور ، بلدية الخ
	12. أرباح موزعة (أسهم وحصص ومشاركات)		2 . ديون معنومة
	13. المنصرف من مخصص مكافأة ترك الخدمة		3. مصروفات تخص سنوات سابقة
	14. ضرائب على الدخل والأرباح		4 . خمائر يبع أصول رأسمالية *
	15. المضاف إلى مخصص الديون المشكوك في تحصيلها		5. خسائر بيع أوراق مالية •
	16. خسائر ناتجة عن إعادة التقييم		6. خسائر بيع مواد أولية *
	17. نفقات تحويلية أخرى :		7. أقساط تأمين
	(i		8 . زكاة وتبرعات
	ب)		9. إيجار أراضي زراعية
	ج) باقي النفقات التحويلية الأخرى		10. فوائد مدفوعة أو مستحقة الدفع
		جملة النفقات التحوطية	

الفرق بين القيمة الدفترية وثمن بيع الأصل (على أن تكون عده الأصول مشتراة لغرض استخدامها وليس لغرض المتاجرة بها)

ملاحظة : المستخدم (المستهلك) من المستلزمات السلعية والخدمية = المشترى + مخزون أول المدة – مخزون أخر المدة - المباع

يشمل الإيجار المقدر من الماني المعلوكة والمشغولة

تشمل مسحوبات أصحاب العمل

(بالآف الربالات)

سادسأ البضائع المشتراة بغرض بيعها بنفس حالها

المشتريات	البيان
	الفيمة

سابعاً ، الإيرادات التشغيلية (بالآف الربالات)

القيمة	البيان	القيمة	البيان
	7. ايرادات تشغيلية أخرى :		1. إيرادات النشاط الاقتصادي الرئيس *
	(i		2. إيرادات الأنشطة الثانوية **
	ب)		3. إيجار مباني وأراضي غير زراعية
	(5		4. إيجار ألات ومعدات
	()		5. بيع مخلفات الإنتاج
	 ه) باقي الإيرادات التشغيلية الأخرى 		6. خدمات أخرى مقدمة للأخرين
	جملة الإبرادات التشغيلية		

- تسجل مبيعات البضائع المشتراة بغرض بيعها بنفس حالتها (إيرادات النشاط الاقتصادي الرئيس) إذا كان النشاط الرئيس تجارة الجعلة أو التجزئة
 - يشمل الإنتاج من الأصول الرأسمالية لفرض الاستخدام الذاتي في ايرادات النشاط الرئيسي
 - تسجل مبيعات البضائع المُشتراة بغرض بيعها بنفس حالتها (إيرادات الأنشطة الثانوية) إذا لم يكن النشاط الرئيس تجارة الجعلة أو التجزئة

ثامناً ، الإيرادات التحوملية (بالأف الربالات)

القيمة	البيان	القيمة	البيان
	10. أرباح بيع أصول رأسمالية*		1 . فوائد محصلة أو مستحقة التحصيل
	11. أرباح بيع مواد أولية*		2. تعويضات محصلة من التأمين
	12. أرباح بيع أوراق مالية *		3. تعويضات محصلة أو مستحقة التحصيل
	13. أرباح ناتجة من إمادة تقييم الأصول والالتزامات		4. ديون محصلة سبق إعدامها
	14. إيرادات تحويلية أخرى :		5 . إيرادات تخص سنوات سابقة
	(i		6 . أرباح أسهم وحصص ومشاركات
	ب)		7 . إيجار أراضي زر اعية
	(5		8 . إعانات حكومية
	د) باقي الإيرادات التحويلية الأخرى	_	9. تبرعات مقدمة من الأخرين
		جملة الإيرادات التحوطية	

الفرق بين ثمن البيع والقيمة الدفترية للأصل (الشراء)

تاسعاً ؛ نسبة المشاركة في ملكية رأس المال

الإجمالي	أجنبي •	خاص	حكومي
% 100	%	%	%

يشمل (فير المقيمين) من أفراد أو شركات

عاشرأه التغيرفي الأصول والإلتزامات (بالآف الربالات)

,	العماري العبول والإمارات					(010), 010,
	أ - الأصول غير المالية •	صافي القيمة الدفترية بداية العام	قسط الإهلاك السنوي	المشتربات خلال العام (الإضافات)	التغير في قيمة الأصول الناتجة من إعادة التقييم	صافي القيمة الدفترية نهاية العام
	مباني سكنية					
	مباني فيرسكنية					
.5	وسائل نقل					
الأصول الثابتة	الأت ومعدات					
3	් ර්					
a	موارد بيولوجية					
	منتجات الملكية الفكرية					
	أصول ثابتة أخرى **					
7	الأراضي					
اصول ا	دراسات وأبحاث					
4	إكتشافات المعادن					
4	مقود الايجار والتراخيص					
غير منتجة غير مآلية	اسم الشيرة التجارية					
*	أصول غير منتجة غير مالية أخرى ***					
=	بضائع مشتراة بغرض بيعها بنفس حالتها					
للحزون	المواد الأولية وقطع الغيار ومواد التغليف					
-3	المنتجات التامة الصنع وتحت التصنيع					
	الإجمالي					

صافي القيمة الدفترية في نهاية العام =صافي القيمة الدفترية في بداية العام - قسط الاهلاك السنوي +الإضافات -الإستبعادات (+/-) التغير الناتج من إعادة تقييم الأصول (+/-)

" تشمل أصول ثابتة أخرى مثل قواعد البيانات ، وبرامج العاسوب والبرامج التطبيقية .. الخ *** تشمل أصول غير منتجة غير مالية خلاف ما ذكر ، كالغابات وللوارد الجوفية المائية .

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
الفيعة الدفترية نهاية العام	التغيرات الأخرى	التغير في قيمة الأصول الناتجة عن اعادة التقييم	الإستبعادات خلال العام	الإضافات خلال العام	القيمة الدفترية بداية العام	ب -الأصول المالية "
						ودائع في البنوك وأرصدة نقدية في الصندوق
						سندات الدين
						القروض (تشعل المدينون)
						أسيم وحصيص ومشاركات
						حسابات أخرى برسم القبض
						الإجمالي

القيمة الدفقرية في نهاية العام = القيمة الدفقرية في بداية العام + الإضافات - الإستبعادات (+/-) التغير الناتج عن إعادة تقييم الأصول (+/-) التغيرات الأخرى

القيمة الدفترية نهاية العام	التغيرات الأخرى	التغير في قيمة الالتزامات الناتجة عن اعادة التقييم	الإستبعادات خلال العام	الإضافات خلال العام	القيمة الدفترية بداية العام	ج -الإلتزامات المالية *
						ودائع في البنوك وأرصدة نقدية في الصندوق
						سندات الدين
						القروض (تشعل الدائنين)
						أسهم وحصص (حقوق المساهمين) **
						حسابات أخرى برسم الدفع
						الإجمالي ***

القيمة الدفقرية في نهاية العام = القيمة الدفقرية في بداية العام + الإضافات - الإستبعادات (+/-) التغير الناتج من إعادة تقييم الإلتزامات (+/-) التغيرات الأخرى

*** جملة الإلتزامات المالية (في بداية ونهاية العام)=جملة النَّصول غير المالية +جملة النُّصول المالية (في بداية ونهاية العام)

^{**} تشعل رأس المال والمخصصات والاحتياطيات الأخرى والأرباح المرحلة (أي جميع حقوق المسامعين)

Analysis Tables

Kingdom-wide

Table (A)

*
Relative distribution of workers by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.0%
Mining and quarrying	1.6%
Manufacturing	16.0%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	1.1%
Water supply and sewerage	0.7%
Construction	17.1%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	26.9%
Transport and stockpiling	4.0%
Accommodation and food	8.0%
Information and Communication	1.6%
Finance and insurance activities	1.7%
Property activities	1.8%
Professional activities	1.6%
Administrative services and support	3.8%
Education	2.8%
Health and social care	2.8%
Arts and entertainment	0.5%
Other services	3.0%
Total	100%

^{*} Workers in private and public for-profit establishments

Table (B)

Relative distribution of Saudi workers by economic activity*

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	3.1%
Mining and quarrying	4.1%
Manufacturing	14.3%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	3.4%
Water supply and sewerage	0.6%
Construction	8.4%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	24.0%
Transport and stockpiling	5.2%
Accommodation and food	5.5%
Information and Communication	4.3%
Finance and insurance activities	4.8%
Property activities	3.8%
Professional activities	1.8%
Administrative services and support	4.6%
Education	5.7%
Health and social care	3.3%
Arts and entertainment	0.4%
Other services	2.8%
Total	100%

^{*} Workers in private and public for-profit establishments

Table (C)

Relative distribution of non-Saudi workers by economic activity*

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.7%
Mining and quarrying	0.7%
Manufacturing	16.5%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	0.3%
Water supply and sewerage	0.7%
Construction	20.1%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	27.9%
Transport and stockpiling	3.7%
Accommodation and food	8.9%
Information and Communication	0.6%
Finance and insurance activities	0.7%
Property activities	1.1%
Professional activities	1.5%
Administrative services and support	3.5%
Education	1.8%
Health and social care	2.7%
Arts and entertainment	0.5%
Other services	3.1%
Total	100%

^{*} Workers in private and public for-profit establishments

Table (D)

Relative distribution of workers' compensation by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2.2%
Mining and quarrying	12.6%
Manufacturing	18.2%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	3.1%
Water supply and sewerage	0.5%
Construction	12.8%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	16.3%
Transport and stockpiling	4.8%
Accommodation and food	4.5%
Information and Communication	4.1%
Finance and insurance activities	7.9%
Property activities	1.4%
Professional activities	1.9%
Administrative services and support	2.9%
Education	2.4%
Health and social care	2.5%
Arts and entertainment	0.3%
Other services	1.6%
Total	100 %

Table (E)

Relative distribution of wages and salaries by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2.5%
Mining and quarrying	10.3%
Manufacturing	18.8%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	2.5%
Water supply and sewerage	0.5%
Construction	13.1%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	17.5%
Transport and stockpiling	4.6%
Accommodation and food	4.9%
Information and Communication	4.5%
Finance and insurance activities	7.1%
Property activities	1.5%
Professional activities	1.9%
Administrative services and support	3.1%
Education	2.5%
Health and social care	2.6%
Arts and entertainment	0.3%
Other services	1.8%
Total	100 %

Table (F)

Relative distribution of benefits and allowances by economic ${\it activity}$

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.9%
Mining and quarrying	23.6%
Manufacturing	15.6%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	6.0%
Water supply and sewerage	0.3%
Construction	11.4%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	10.6%
Transport and stockpiling	5.8%
Accommodation and food	2.7%
Information and Communication	1.9%
Finance and insurance activities	11.8%
Property activities	0.8%
Professional activities	1.5%
Administrative services and support	2.1%
Education	2.1%
Health and social care	2.2%
Arts and entertainment	0.1%
Other services	0.6%
Total	100 %

Table (G)

Relative distribution of expenses by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	3.2%
Mining and quarrying	11.3%
Manufacturing	24.2%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	1.8%
Water supply and sewerage	0.3%
Construction	6.9%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	31.1%
Transport and stockpiling	3.7%
Accommodation and food	2.7%
Information and Communication	5.1%
Finance and insurance activities	3.4%
Property activities	0.7%
Professional activities	1.2%
Administrative services and support	2.0%
Education	0.6%
Health and social care	1.0%
Arts and entertainment	0.2%
Other services	0.6%
Total	100 %

Table (H)

Relative distribution of revenues by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2.7%
Mining and quarrying	37.5%
Manufacturing	17.3%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	1.5%
Water supply and sewerage	0.2%
Construction	6.3%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	17.3%
Transport and stockpiling	3.0%
Accommodation and food	1.8%
Information and Communication	3.8%
Finance and insurance activities	3.8%
Property activities	0.6%
Professional activities	0.8%
Administrative services and support	1.4%
Education	0.4%
Health and social care	1.0%
Arts and entertainment	0.2%
Other services	0.5%
Total	100 %

Table (I)

Relative distribution of operating surplus by economic activity

Economic Activity	Percentage
Leonomic Activity	rereemage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2.5%
Mining and quarrying	56.1%
Manufacturing	13.1%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	1.1%
Water supply and sewerage	0.2%
Construction	5.1%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	9.2%
Transport and stockpiling	2.3%
Accommodation and food	0.9%
Information and Communication	3.0%
Finance and insurance activities	3.4%
Property activities	0.5%
Professional activities	0.4%
Administrative services and support	0.9%
Education	0.1%
Health and social care	0.9%
Arts and entertainment	0.2%
Other services	0.2%
Total	100%

Relative distribution of fixed and purchased assets by economic

activity

Table (J)

Economic Activity	Percentage
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.9%
Mining and quarrying	16.5%
Manufacturing	32.1%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	14.6%
Water supply and sewerage	0.0%
Construction	4.6%
Wholesale and Retail Trade	2.4%
Transport and stockpiling	8.1%
Accommodation and food	1.1%
Information and Communication	12.7%
Finance and insurance activities	3.2%
Property activities	1.5%
Professional activities	0.1%
Administrative services and support	1.0%
Education	0.2%
Health and social care	0.7%
Arts and entertainment	0.0%
Other services	0.1%
Total	100%